METADATA FOR NASA GODDARD'S LIDAR, HYPERSPECTRAL AND THERMAL (G-LiHT) AIRBORNE IMAGER

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1) CONTACT INFORMATION

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2) CAMPAIGN INFORMATION

Date(s): March 27 2013

Time of day: afternoon

Location: Sierra National Forest CA

Description: Teakettle Experimental Forest

Research project: Landsat Funding source: Landsat

3) FLIGHT PLANS

Series of 13 flight lines with 30% overlap mapping a 3 X 7 Km region of the Teakettle Experimental Forest.

4) ACQUISITION DETAILS

Aircraft: Piper Cherokee, N4118R

Pilot: Thaddeus Fickel, Infrared Barron LLC G-LiHT operator(s): Larry Corp NASA GSFC

Nominal altitude (AGL): 335 m AGL Nominal velocity: 110-150 kt

Other:

5) FIELD OBSERVATIONS

Weather: See ancillary cloud score data layer

Other notes: VFR

6) OUTPUT FILE NAME(S)

Teakettle_27Mar2013

7) DATA PRODUCTS

GPS-INS

Trajectory: Aircraft location and orientation (roll, pitch, yaw). Available as 3D Google Earth overlay (KML) and 250 Hz data product (ASCII).

LiDAR

Canopy Height Model: Lidar-derived maximum canopy height (m AGL) and canopy rugosity (i.e., standard deviation of heights within an area equivalent to a 1/24 ac USFS-FIA subplot). Available as Google Earth overlay (KML) and raster data product (GeoTIFF) at a nominal 1 m spatial resolution.

Digital Terrain Model: Lidar-derived bare earth elevation (m, EGM96 geoid), aspect and slope. Available as Google Earth overlay (KML) and raster data product (GeoTIFF) at a nominal 1 m spatial resolution.

Lidar Apparent Reflectance: Mean reflectance for all, single returns from a 1550 nm laser. The lidar is factory calibrated and data corrected for ranging distance, but not scan angle or atmospheric interactions. Available as raster data product (GeoTIFF) at a nominal 1 m spatial resolution.

Lidar Point Cloud: Individual lidar return data, including 3D coordinates; classified ground returns ("Classification" field); AGL heights ("Point Source ID Text" field, using z scale factor and offsets); and lidar apparent reflectance ("Intensity" field; -15 to -5 dB for 2 byte range). Overlapping swaths are co-aligned with coincident ground returns to remove swath-to-swath elevation biases. Available in ASPRS LAS 1.1 format.

Lidar Metrics: Common lidar height, density, fractional cover and return statistics (e.g., mean pulse density, returns per pulse) for all returns +/- 15 degrees of nadir. Available as raster data product (GeoTIFF) at a nominal 13 m spatial resolution (area equivalent to a 1/24 ac USFS-FIA subplot).

Image Spectrometer

All VNIR (418 to 918 nm, 4.5 nm sampling interval) data products are available as orthorectified raster files (ENVI file format) at a nominal 1 m spatial resolution; Google Earth overlays (KML) are available for the NIR band.

Radiance: Calibrated radiance data is provided for individual swaths in radiometric units (W m^2 sr¹ nm²).

At-sensor reflectance: Computed as the ratio between observed upwelling radiance and downwelling hemispheric irradiance; corrected for differences in cross-track illumination and BRDF using an empirically derived multiplier. At a nominal flying height of 335 m AGL, the at-sensor reflectance is a close approximation of surface reflectance. Available for individual swaths, and mosaicked for mapped areas using swath observations closest to nadir.

Vegetation indices: Computed from at-sensor reflectance data. These products are used as indicators of canopy properties and condition (e.g., greenness, pigment concentrations).

Ancillary data: Contains acquisition time, aircraft location, sun-sensor geometry, incoming PAR, clearness index, swath ID, and flag indicating nearest neighbor resampling during georegistration.

Thermal

Radiant temperature: Computed with 0.98 emissivity and no atmospheric or view angle correction. Available as Google Earth overlay (KML) and raster data product (GeoTIFF) at a nominal 1 m spatial resolution.

8) INSTRUMENT SPECIFICATIONS

GPS-INS

Model/Make: RT-4041, GPS and GLONAS enabled; Oxford Technical Solutions, Oxfordshire, UK

Serial number: 663

Sampling interval: 250 Hz

Differential correction: OmniStar HP or G2

Positional accuracy (1 sigma): 10 to 15 cm horizontal (vertical=horizontal*1.5)

Yaw accuracy (1 sigma): 0.1 degree Roll accuracy (1 sigma): 0.03 degree Pitch accuracy (1 sigma): 0.03 degree

Antenna: Antcom G5Ant-42AT1 L1/L2 Glonas/GPS/OmniStar

Post-Processing software: RT Post-Process

Scanning lidar

Model/Make: VQ-480; Riegl Laser Measurement Systems, Horn, Austria

Serial number: S9997785 Laser wavelength: 1550 nm Pulse width: 3 ns Pulse energy: 2817 nJ in 25 mm Beam divergence: 0.3 mrad

Nominal footprint size: diameter = tan(beam divergence/2)*altitude*2

Laser pulse repetition frequency (PRF): 300 kHz

Effective measurement frequency: 0.5*PRF Maximum number of returns per pulse: 8

Maximum number of returns per pulse: 8 Field of view: 60 degrees (+/- 30 degrees of nadir)

Scan mode: line

Scan rate: 100 lines per second

Nominal distance between points in a scan line: 0.24 m

Nominal distance between scan lines: 0.56 mSwath size: width = tan(FOV/2)*altitude*2

Lever arm (ahead, left, above; date): 0.371, 0.142, 0.977 m (28 Aug 2012) Boresight (roll, pitch, yaw; date): 0.02654, 0.01437, -0.40112 degrees (24 March 2013) Post-Processing software: RiProcess Profiling lidar: none Digital SLR: none Imaging spectrometer Model/Make: Hyperspec model 1002A-00451; Headwall Photonics, Fitchburg, MA Serial Number: G4-105 Camera: Adimec model RA1000m/D_DFG Serial Number: 830016 Focal plane array: pushbroom, 1004 cross track pixels Frame rate: 50 Hz Lens/FOV: 8 mm lens, f/2; ~50 degree Sensor size: 7.4 mm Integration time: 20 msecs Sensor range: 417-1008 nm Spectral band width (FWHM): ~8 to 15 nm Sampling resolution: 1.5 nm (401 bands) Resampled resolution: 418 to 919 nm in 4.5 nm bands (114 bands) Quantization: 12 bit Thermal camera Model/Make: Gobi-384; Xenics, Leuven, Belgium Serial number: GOBI-1413 Sensor: Uncooled microbolometer Focal plane array: 384 x 288 on 25 um pixels Data output: degrees Celsius Frame rate: 25 Hz Sensitivity: 8 to 14 um Quantization: 16 bit Downwelling irradiance Model/Make: USB-4000; Ocean Optics, Dunedin, FL Serial number: USB4H02819 FOV: 180 degrees (cosine diffusor) Integration time: 33 ms Sample averaging: 30 Sampling interval: 0.6 nm Sensor range: 380-1100 nm FWHM: 1.5 nm Resampled resolution: 418 to 919 nm in 4.5 nm bands (114 bands) Quantization: 16 bit 9) PUBLICATIONS Cook, B. D., L. W. Corp, R. F. Nelson, E. M. Middleton, D. C. Morton, J. T. McCorkel, J. G. Masek, K. J. Ranson, and V. Ly. 2013. NASA Goddard's Lidar, Hyperspectral and Thermal (G-LiHT) airborne imager. Remote Sensing 5:4045-4066, doi:10.3390/rs5084045.